के अधीन है, निम्नलिखित पत्रिकाएं प्रकाशित करता है :

विभाग का नाम	प्रकाशित पत्रिका का नाम
1. ग्रामीण विकास विभाग	कुरुक्षेत्र
2. विदेश मंत्रालय	इंडियन एंड फारेन रिव्यू
3. योजना आयोग	योजना

संबंधित विभाग दिशा-निर्देश उपलब्ध करते है तथा पत्रिकाओं में उपयोग के लिये समय-समय पर कुछ सामग्री देते हैं।

(ख) ब्यौरा संलग्न विवरण में दिया गया है। **(नीचे देखिये)**

(ग) 31-3-1986 को वित्तीय वर्ष की समाप्ति पर, प्रकाशन विभाग के स्टाक में पुस्तकों की 15, 54, 848 प्रतियां थी। पुस्तकों और पत्रिकाओं को विभागीय विक्रय भंडारों तथा गैर-सरकारी एजेन्टों के माध्यम से बेचा जाता है। प्रकाशनों को दान स्वरूप देने की कोई व्यवस्था नहीं है।

विवरण

	1983-84	1984-85	1985-86	कैफियत
(1) प्रकाशित कुल पुस्तकें :				
अंग्रेजी	36	31	24	
हिन्दी	38	35	57	
अन्य भारतीय भाषाएं	15	19	26	
योग :	89	85	107	
(2) मूल पुस्तकें	64	48	71	इसमें हिन्दी से अन्य भारतीय भाषाओं में और अन्य भारतीय भाषाओं से हिन्दी में अनुदित पुस्तकें शामिल नहीं है।
(3) अंग्रेजी से अनुदित पुस्तकें	18	26	18	
(4) संदर्भ पुस्तकें :				
अंग्रेजी	4	6	5	
हिन्दी	3	—	5	

Deployment of Indian Defence Forces along indo-Pak Borders

1885. **SHRI** MAHENDRA PRASAD:
DR. RATNAKAR PANDEY:
SHRI MURLIDHAR CHANDRAKANT BHANDARE:

Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government had ordered deployment of defence forces along the Indo-Pak borders in January this year;

(b) if so, what are the precise circumstances therefor; and

(c) what is the latest position regarding deployment of Pak forces along the borders?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENCE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (SHRI ARUN SINGH): (a) and (b) Pakistan had moved the bulk of is

troops close to the India-Pakistan border in November, 1986 under the pretext of taking precautionary measures against the movement of Indian Army formations in connection with Exercise 'Brass Tacks'. Our Armed (Forces took steps necessary to ensure full defence preparedness.

(c) Following the agreement reached between the two countries in official level talks, to defuse the situation, withdrawal of troops is being carried out in phases along the international border.

Canadian assistance

1886. SHRI SUBAS MOHANTY: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state;

(a) whether it is a. fact that Canada offered $89 Million worth assistance to the Government of India;

(b) whether the offer has been considered and if so, with what result; and

(c) what are the detail of the assistance?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE- MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI BRAHM DUTT): (a) to (c) Canada has offered an assistance of C$89 Million for the oilseeds Development Project-Phase II to be implemented by the National Dairy Development Board This assistance will he in grant form. The offer has been accepted by the Government in principle and the details are being worked out. Under the proposal, Canada has offered to provide Canadian Canola (rapeseed) oil • along with the financing of related purchasing and transportation costs up to a value of C$85 Million, as well as professional services for monitoring, evaluation, technical assistance, and scientific and technical equip-' ment, materials and supplies up to a value of C$4 Million.

Transfer of staff to overseas branches by Nationalised Banks

1887. SHRI M. S. GURUPADA-SWAMY: Will fne PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state;

(a) the rules, guidelines and the criteria followed in the nationalised banks for transfer of staff to their overseas branches;

(b) the number of years for which the panel approved for transfer of staff is kept alive; and

(c) whether there have been any cases of transfer of staff to overses branches as were effected in contravention of the prescribed rules and guidelines and if so, the number of such cases during the last two years?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI JANARDHAN POOJAR1): (a) to (c) In order to bring about uniformity in the criteria to be followed by Public Sector Banks for per-sonnel placement in foreign branches, in August, 1986 Government have issued guidelines to public sector banks having branches abroad. These guidelines provide for a tenure of a maximum period of five years at a stretch in overseas branches fexcept in U. K. where the period would he three years); preparation of a panel of eligible officers and imparting intensive advance training to the selected officers; rules for acceptance of re-signation while serving abroad; and procedure for obtaining only official pass-ports for fresh posting as well as for officers already working abroad About the validity period of the panel prepared for officers to be posted abroad, it is learnt from Reserve Bank of India that major banks keep the panels alive from 1 to 3 years.